

LATTICE LABYRINTH TESSELLATIONS

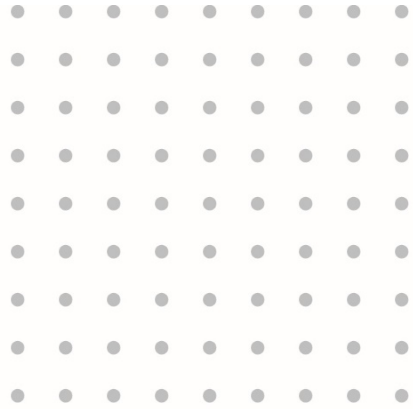
on the square lattice --- *to say nothing of the triangular lattice*

Intricate (but topologically simple) TILINGS OF THE PLANE

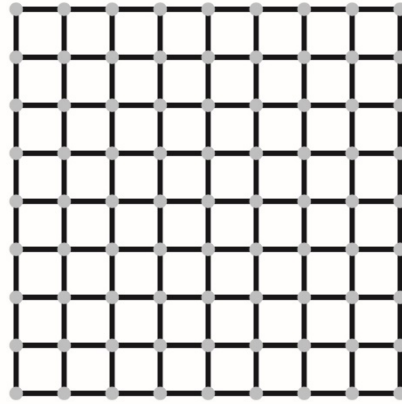
David Mitchell

MathsJam Conference 2016

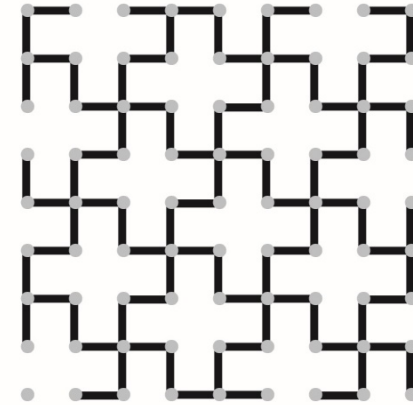
GO ! GO ! GO !



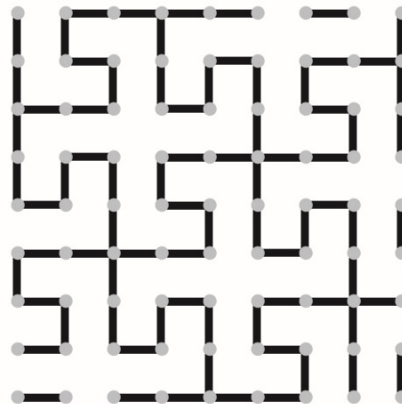
The square lattice of points - *a small part of*



A graph connecting every point of the lattice
Every lattice link is an edge of the graph



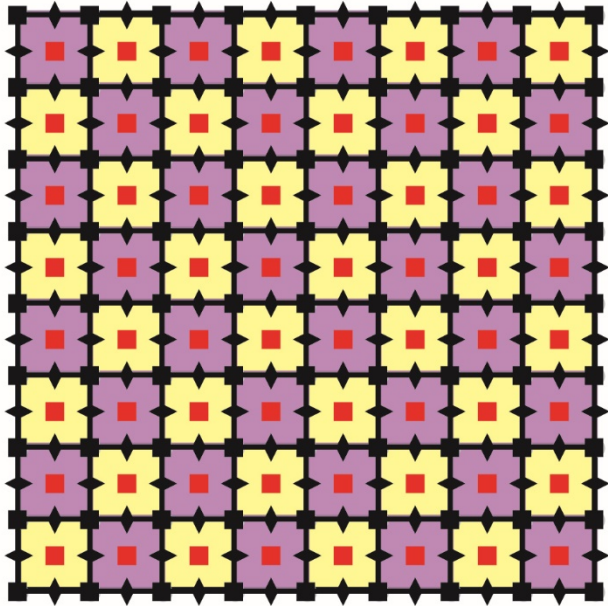
Another graph connecting every point
of the lattice, using only some lattice links.



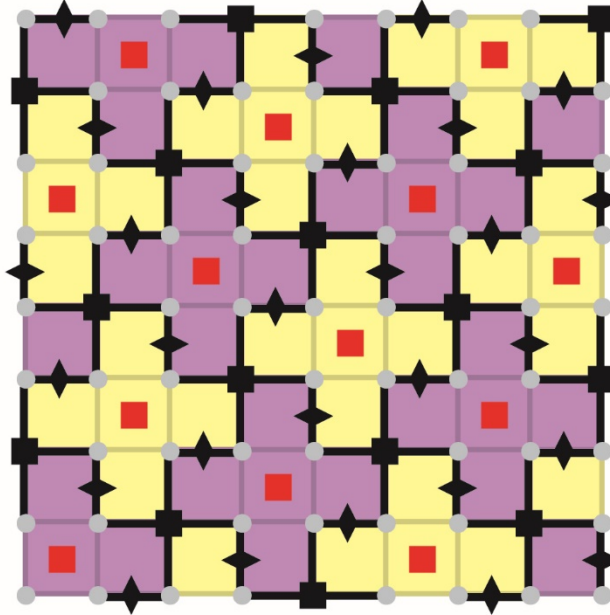
Yet another graph connecting every *lattice point*
using still fewer lattice links

Structure and Symmetry of the Family of Tessellations

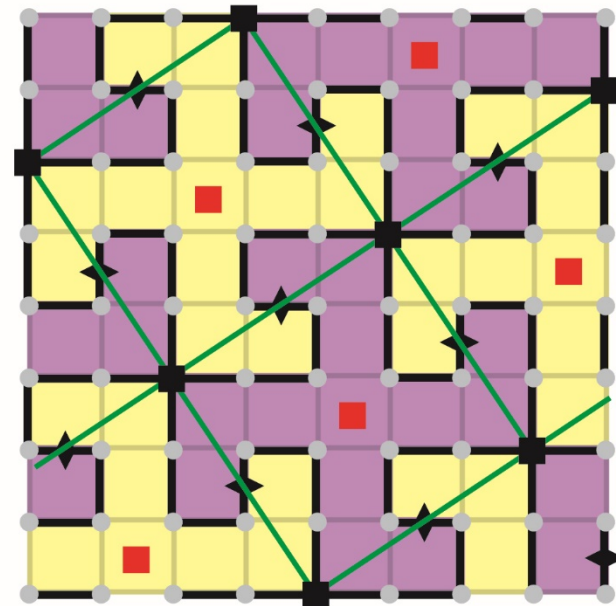
Separation parameters (1,0)



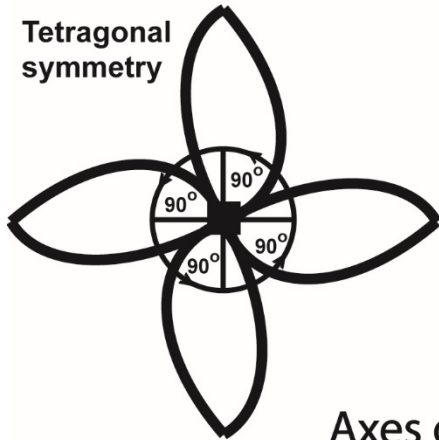
Separation parameters (1,2)



Separation parameters (3,2)



Tetragonal symmetry



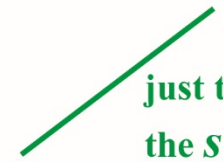
Tetrad (4-fold) axes of rotational symmetry at *superlattice points*



Tetrad (4-fold) axes of symmetry at *supertile centres*

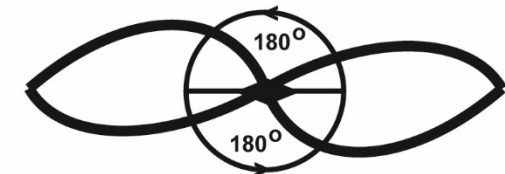


Dyad (2-fold) axes of symmetry at centres of (super)tile boundary edges

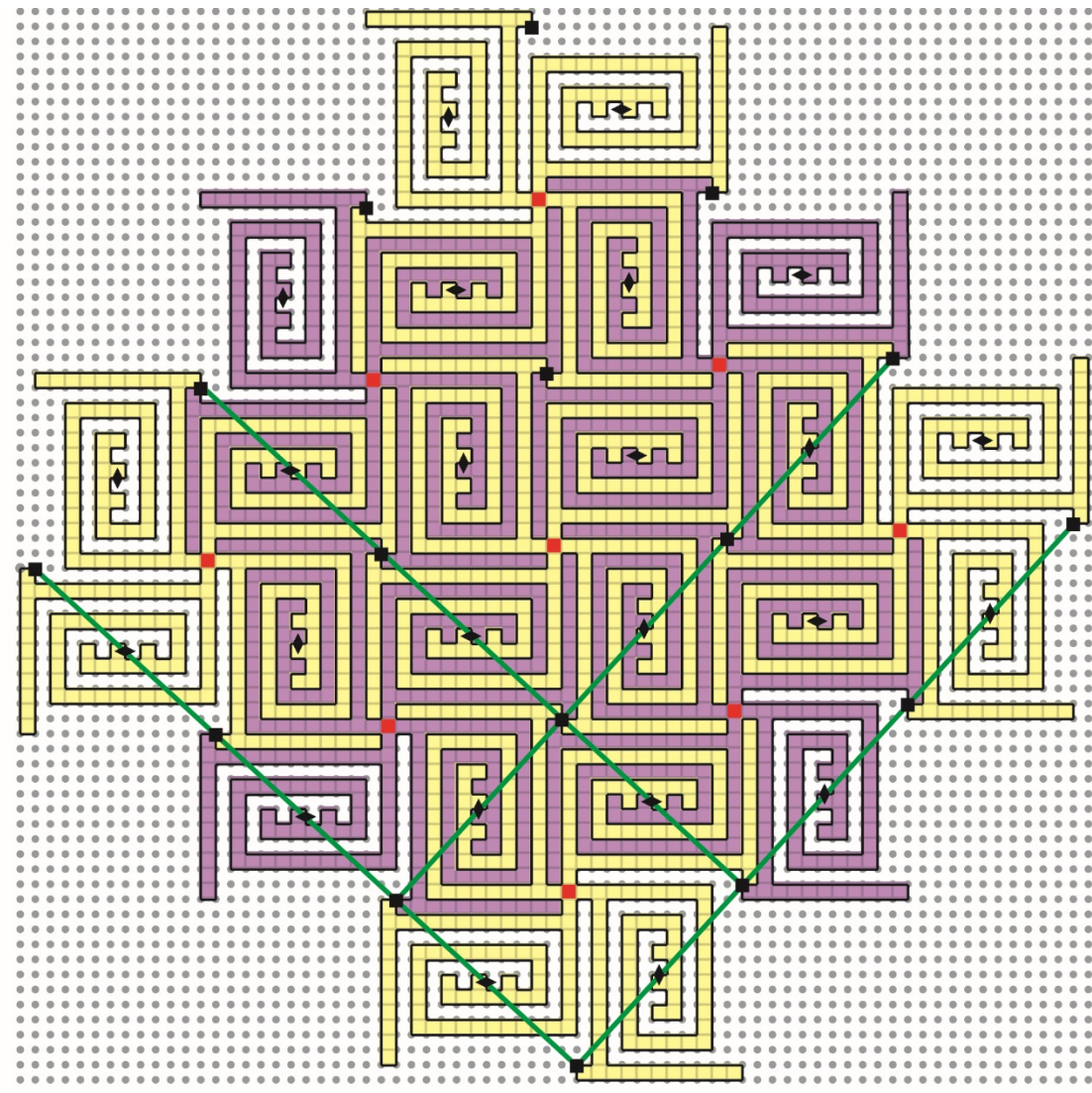
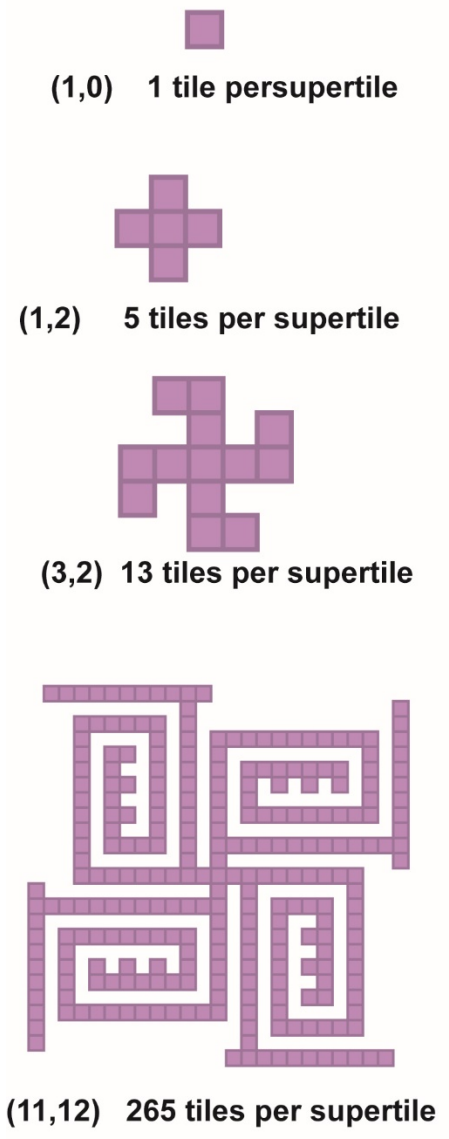


just to indicate the *superlattice*

Diagonal symmetry



Axes of rotational symmetry of the three low-order tilings

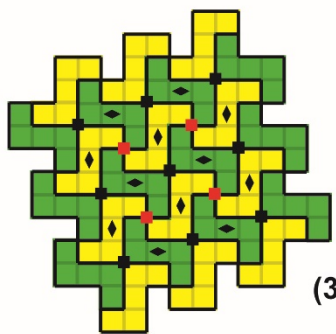


- Tetrad (4-fold) axes of rotational symmetry at superlattice points
- Tetrad (4-fold) axes of symmetry at supertile centres
- ◆ ◀ Dyad (2-fold) axes of symmetry at centres of supertile boundary edges

A higher-order tessellation, being **"Chinese Lattice Labyrinth" (11,12)**
 in honour of *MathsJam Conference* 12/11/2016

Serpentine Lattice Labyrinth (13,11)

in honour of MathsJam Conference 13/11/2016



(3,3) $18/2 = 9$ tiles per supertile

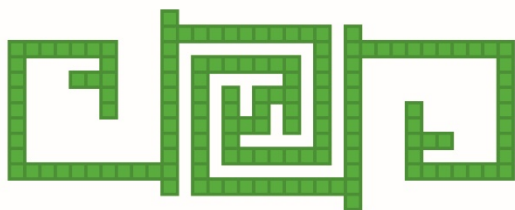
(3,1) $10/2 = 5$ tiles per supertile



(5,1) $26/2 = 13$ tiles per supertile

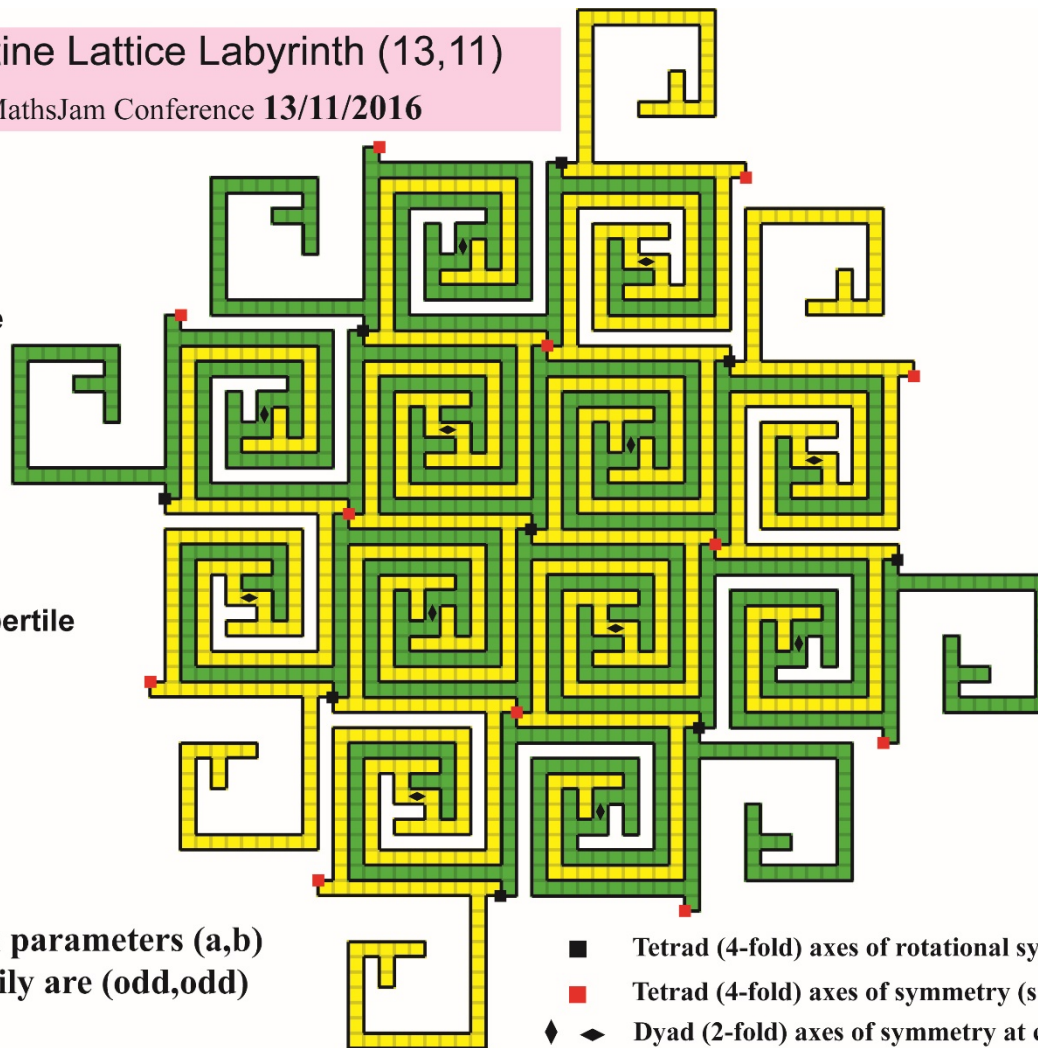


(5,3) $34/2 = 17$ tiles per supertile



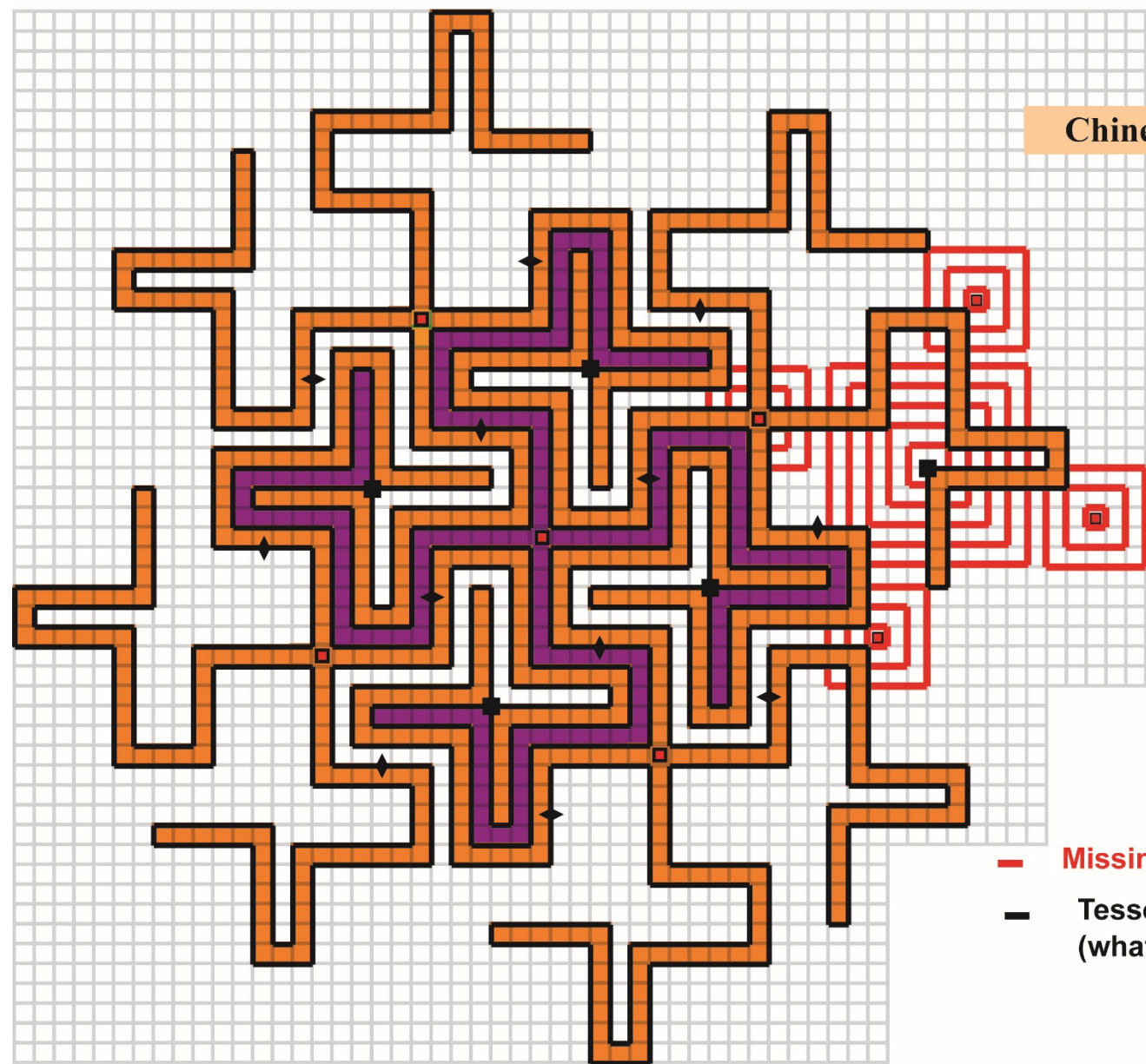
(13,11) $290/2 = 145$ tiles per supertile

Separation parameters (a,b)
in this family are (odd,odd)



- Tetrad (4-fold) axes of rotational symmetry at superlattice points
- Tetrad (4-fold) axes of symmetry (second family also at tile corners)
- ◆ ◆ Dyad (2-fold) axes of symmetry at centres of supertiles

The *missing-links graph* algorithm for generating lattice labyrinth tessellations



Chinese Lattice Labyrinth (11,6)

- Missing-links Graph (easy to find)
- Tessellation Graph (whatever lattice links are left over)

.....and as for LATTICE LABYRINTH TESSELLATIONS on the TRIANGULAR lattice such as Trefoil (21,10) to celebrate October 21st, the birthday of **Martin Gardner**.....

That is for another day

